Findings are based on survey responses collected from 400 families experiencing entrenched disadvantage across Perth. For more in-depth information and findings please refer to the 100 Families WA Baseline Report.

Financial vulnerability refers not just to income level, but the level of debt a family has and their ability to repay that debt, as well as the ability to withstand financial shocks such as income loss or unexpected expenses (Anderloni, Bacchiocchi, & Vandone, 2012).

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Findings indicate that the majority of families experiencing entrenched disadvantage in Perth are not receiving a wage or salary based income and are struggling with debt that is not a mortgage on their home. This is leading to significant problems in the paying of utility bills and providing food for their family. These struggles are occurring despite their active efforts to improve their personal situation.

### What does financial vulnerability look like for people experiencing entrenched disadvantage in Perth?

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### Demographics of families taking part:

- **69%** of family members were female
- **33%** family members identified as Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander
- **44 years** is the mean age (range is 18 – 75 years old)
- **55%** have children in their care or in their household
- **21%** have a permanent physical disability
- **17%** were homeless at the time of survey

### In the year prior to the survey:

- **75%** did not receive any wage or salary-based income
- **68%** could not pay utility bills on time
- **51%** had gone without meals

“A good day would mean me having money for all my needs so that I can eat and enjoy life.”
At the time of the survey:

86% had a debt that was not a mortgage on their home.

Of that 86%:
- 54% had overdue utility bills
- 61% had a personal loan
- 39% had overdue personal bills
- 27% had a loan from a payday lender

The impact of debt:

65% reported they had experienced an inability to sleep as a result of their debt

60% had experienced stress-related illness

43% had experienced relationship breakdown attributed to their debt

65% felt they were unable to do what they wanted to do in their daily lives due to having debt

Seeking improvement

The baseline survey findings tell us that families are experiencing entrenched disadvantage across all domains of social, health and economic wellbeing. The findings also tell us that families are actively trying to improve their situations, including by seeking assistance from welfare and community organisations (70%), addressing financial issues through financial counselling (45%), and by visiting food emergency relief programs (72%).

When family members were asked an open-ended question; what would make the biggest difference in your life? One in five families answered, getting a job. However, a lack of appropriate job options as well as discrimination were listed as major barriers to employment. Therefore, with regard to employment the issue is not the individual’s motivation to gain employment, but the creation of pathways into employment.


To learn more about the project visit www.100familieswa.org.au